EASA AD No.: 2023-0136



Airworthiness Directive

AD No.: 2023-0136

Issued: 12 July 2023

Note: This Airworthiness Directive (AD) is issued by EASA, acting in accordance with Regulation (EU) 2018/1139 on behalf of the European Union, its Member States and of the European third countries that participate in the activities of EASA under Article 129 of that Regulation.

This AD is issued in accordance with Regulation (EU) 748/2012, Part 21.A.3B. In accordance with Regulation (EU) 1321/2014 Annex I Part M.A.301, or Annex Vb Part ML.A.301, as applicable, the continuing airworthiness of an aircraft shall be ensured by accomplishing any applicable ADs. Consequently, no person may operate an aircraft to which an AD applies, except in accordance with the requirements of that AD, unless otherwise specified by the Agency [Regulation (EU) 1321/2014 Annex I Part M.A.303, or Annex Vb Part ML.A.303, as applicable] or agreed with the Authority of the State of Registry [Regulation (EU) 2018/1139, Article 71 exemption].

Design Approval Holder's Name: Type/Model designation(s):

AIRBUS S.A.S. A330 and A340 aeroplanes

Effective Date: 26 July 2023

TCDS Number(s): EASA.A.004 and EASA.A.015

Foreign AD: Not applicable

Supersedure: This AD supersedes EASA AD 2022-0243 dated 08 December 2022.

ATA 36 – Pneumatic – Overheat Detection System Sensing Elements – Inspection

Manufacturer(s):

Airbus, formerly Airbus Industrie

Applicability:

Airbus A330-201, A330-202, A330-203, A330-223, A330-223F, A330-243F, A330-301, A330-302, A330-303, A330-321, A330-322, A330-323, A330-341, A330-342, A330-343 and A330-743L aeroplanes, all manufacturer serial numbers (MSN); and

Airbus A340-211, A340-212, A340-213, A340-311, A340-312 and A340-313 aeroplanes, all MSN.

Definitions:

For the purpose of this AD, the following definitions apply:

The SB: Airbus Service Bulletin (SB) A330-36-3052 Revision 01 or SB A340-36-4036, as applicable.

The VSB: Kidde Aerospace & Defense (vendor) SB (VSB) CFD-26-3.

Affected part: Overheat detection system (OHDS) sensing elements, also identified as 'Continuous Fire Detector', having a Part Number (P/N) and corresponding date code as listed in Section 1.A of the VSB, except those that passed an inspection (no discrepancies found; one face of the connector hex nut is marked) in accordance with the instructions of Section 3 of the VSB.



EASA AD No.: 2023-0136

Serviceable part: Any OHDS sensing element, eligible for installation, that is not an affected part.

Affected position: Positions identified as Functional Item Number (FIN), as listed in Section 3 – 'Accomplishment Instructions' of the SB, as applicable depending on aeroplane configuration.

Aeroplane date of manufacture: The date of transfer of title (ownership) of the aeroplane upon delivery by Airbus to the first operator, which is referenced in Airbus documentation.

Groups: Group 1 aeroplanes are those that have an affected part installed at an affected position. Group 2 aeroplanes are those that do not have an affected part installed at any affected position. An aeroplane having an MSN not listed in Section 1.A of the SB is Group 2, provided it is determined that no affected part has been installed on any affected position of that aeroplane since the aeroplane date of manufacture.

Reason:

The affected part manufacturer, Kidde Aerospace & Defense, reported that certain OHDS sensing elements, produced before 31 January 2021, may not properly detect thermal bleed leak events due to a quality escape during the manufacturing process.

This condition, if not detected and corrected, could lead to an air leak remaining undetected by the OHDS at an affected position and not being isolated during flight, possibly resulting in localized areas of the aeroplane being exposed to high temperatures, with consequent reduced structural integrity of the aeroplane.

To address this potential unsafe condition, Airbus issued the SB, as defined in this AD, to provide inspection and replacement instructions of the affected parts at the affected positions, and EASA issued AD 2022-0243 to require a one-time special detailed inspection (SDI) of each affected part installed at an affected position, as defined in this AD, and, depending on findings, replacement of the affected part with a serviceable part.

Since that AD was issued, it has been determined that affected parts may have been installed at affected positions also on A330-743L aeroplanes. For the reasons described above, this AD retains the requirements of EASA AD 2022-0243, which is superseded, and expands the applicability to include A330-743L aeroplanes.

Appendix 1 of this AD provides information how to identify affected parts (P/N and date code).

Required Action(s) and Compliance Time(s):

Required as indicated, unless accomplished previously:

Inspection:

(1) For Group 1 aeroplanes: Within 72 months after 22 December 2022 [the effective date of EASA AD 2022-0243], accomplish an SDI of each affected part installed at an affected position, in accordance with the instructions of the SB.



EASA AD No.: 2023-0136

Corrective Action:

(2) If, during the inspection as required by paragraph (1) of this AD, any discrepancy as defined in the SB is detected on an affected part, before next flight, replace that affected part with a serviceable part in accordance with the instructions of the SB.

Part(s) Installation:

(3) For Group 1 and Group 2 aeroplanes: From the effective date of this AD, do not install an affected part at an affected position on any aeroplane.

Credit:

(4) Inspections and corrective actions, accomplished on an aeroplane before the effective date of this AD in accordance with the instructions of the original issue of Airbus SB A330-36-3052 are acceptable to comply with the requirements of paragraphs (1) and (2) of this AD, as applicable, for that aeroplane.

Ref. Publications:

Airbus SB A330-36-3052 original issue dated 27 June 2022, and Revision 01 dated 29 May 2023.

Airbus SB A340-36-4036 original issue dated 27 June 2022.

Kidde Aerospace & Defense SB CFD-26-3 original issue dated 13 January 2022, or Revision 1 dated 29 March 2022.

The use of later approved revisions of the above-mentioned documents is acceptable for compliance with the requirements of this AD.

Remarks:

- 1. If requested and appropriately substantiated, EASA can approve Alternative Methods of Compliance for this AD.
- 2. Based on the required actions and the compliance time, EASA have decided to issue a Final AD with Request for Comments, postponing the public consultation process until after publication.
- Enquiries regarding this AD should be referred to the EASA Safety Information Section, Certification Directorate; E-mail: ADs@easa.europa.eu.
- 4. Information about any failures, malfunctions, defects or other occurrences, which may be similar to the unsafe condition addressed by this AD, and which may occur, or have occurred on a product, part or appliance not affected by this AD, can be reported to the <u>EU aviation safety reporting system</u>. This may include reporting on the same or similar components, other than those covered by the design to which this AD applies, if the same unsafe condition can exist or may develop on an aircraft with those components installed. Such components may be installed under an FAA Parts Manufacturer Approval (PMA), Supplemental Type Certificate (STC) or other modification.
- 5. For any question concerning the technical content of the requirements in this AD, please contact: AIRBUS 1IAL (Airworthiness Office), E-mail: airworthiness.A330-A340@airbus.com.



Appendix 1 – Affected Part – Locations of P/N and Date Code

Figure 4-50. Identification Markings on Coaxial SE Male (Pin) Connector



Figure 4-51. Identification Markings on Coaxial SE Female (Socket) Connector





